LS1 - New Plants Module Glossary

Alfalfa: A plant widely cultivated as a pasture and hay crop.

Alive: Living; having life; not dead.

Brassica: A genus of plants that includes mustard, cabbage, collards, bok choy, kale, cauliflower, broccoli, and turnip.

Bud: A new growth on a plant.

Bulb: A short piece of stem with a bud at one end and roots at the other.

Calendar: A chart that shows the days, weeks, and months of the year.

Carrot: An orange root eaten as a vegetable.

Change: To make or become different.

Cutting: Part of a plant stem that has been cut to grow a new plant.

Dead: Not living.

Different: Unlike; not alike, or not the same.

Fertilizer: A substance that provides nutrients plants need to grow.

Flower: A plant structure that produces seeds.

Garlic: A bulbous herb used in cooking.

Germination: The early development of a new plant from a seed.

Grain: A grass that produces food for humans, such as wheat, barley, corn, oats, and rice.

Grass: A type of plant that grows all over the world.

Grow: To get bigger.

Journal: A book in which to write or draw observations.

Lawn: A large area of grass and other plants.

Leaf: A plant structure that captures light to produce food.

Light: A special kind of energy that makes it possible for us to see and plants to grow.

Mold: A furry-looking plant that grows on other plants, food and damp surfaces.

Mow: To cut down.

Node: The place where a leaf or branch comes out of the stem of a plant.
**Nutrients**: Something living things need to grow and stay healthy.

**Onion**: A vegetable.

**Plant**: A living thing that usually has leaves, stems and roots.

**Pollen**: A powder produced by flowers for reproduction.

**Potato eye**: A node where a bud grows.

**Radish**: A vegetable.

**Root**: A plant structure that takes up water and minerals from the soil.

**Rye grass**: A type of plant typically used in lawns.

**Same**: Alike; not different.

**Seed**: A tiny living organism that can sprout a new plant.

**Seedling**: A baby plant; also called a sprout.

**Seedpod**: A small plant structure that looks like a tiny string bean and holds seeds.

**Soil**: The mixture of humus and earth materials in which plants grow; dirt.

**Sprout**: A baby plant; also called a seedling.

**Stem**: A plant structure that holds up and supports the plant.

**Structure**: A part of a plant.

**Vermiculite**: A mineral similar to mica, used for planting.

**Water**: A clear liquid made of hydrogen and oxygen.

**Wheat**: A type of grass that makes seeds that can be ground into flour.